## ACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Bangalore - 560090

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## Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017 Power System Operation and Control

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

- a. What is a SCADA system? Draw and explain the functional block diagram of the dual computer configuration for control and monitoring of power system. (10 Marks)
  - b. Derive the expression for tie-line power and frequency deviation for two area system.

c. Two areas A and B interconnected by tie-line. The generating capacity of area A is 25,000 MW and its regulating characteristic is 2.5% of capacity per 0.1 Hz. Area B has a generating capacity 5000 MW and its regulating characteristic is 1.5% of capacity per

0.1 Hz. Find each areas share of a 800 MW disturbance (load increase) occurring in area B and resulting tie-line flow. (04 Marks)

- 2 a. What is the function of AVR? Explain with suitable block diagram, the mathematical modeling of AVR. (10 Marks)
  - b. What is load frequency control? Obtain and explain the transfer function model of load frequency control for an isolated power system. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Write notes on basic generator control loops and cross coupling between control loops.
  - b. Determine the primary ALFC loop parameters for control area having the following data: Total rated area capacity  $P_r = 2000\,$  MW

Inertia constant 5.05, Frequency  $f_0 = 60$ Hz, Normal operating load  $P_D = 1000$  MW

(05 Marks)

- c. A single area consists of two generators with following parameters:
  - Generator -1 = 1200 MVA, R = 6% (on machine base)

Generator -2 = 1000 MVA, R = 4% (on machine base)

The units are sharing 1800 MW at nominal frequency of 50 Hz. Unit 1 supplies 1000 MW and unit 2 supplies 800 MW. The load is now increased by 200 MW. Choose a common base of 2000 MVA.

- Find (i) Steady state frequency and generation of each unit if D = 0
  - (ii) Repeat (i) if D = 1.5.

(10 Marks)

- 4 a. Explain different sources of reactive power generation and absorption of reactive power in a power system. (08 Marks)
  - b. Derive the equations to get the relation between voltage, power and reactive power at a node. (06 Marks)
  - c. Explain voltage instability and voltage collapse. (06 Marks)

## PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the problem of unit commitment. What are the constraints in solving the unit commitment problem? Explain each of it. (10 Marks)
  - b. With the help of flow chart, explain the dynamic programming method in unit commitment problem. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. What is meant by power system security? Explain major functions involved in system security. Explain the factors affecting system security. (10 Marks)
  - b. With the help of flow chart, explain the contingency selection procedure. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain energy management system.
  b. Explain the least square estimation method used in power system state estimation. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Derive the steady-state reliability expression and general reliability expression. (10 Marks)
  - a. Derive the steady-state reliability expression and general reliability expression. (10 Marks)
    b. With the help of flow chart, explain loss and load probability for planning of generating capacity. (10 Marks)

